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DATABASE TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE CHINA 2013 大数据数据库架构与优化数据治理与分析

Sequemedia Introduction To MariaDB

--现状和发展中的生态系统

BDAAS flowingdata Dosal Mysal Oracle Big Data

Greeting From Monty









Topics

- 1) What is MariaDB
- 2) What new in the different MariaDB releases
- 3) Some benchmarks
- 4) MariaDB and NoSQL
- 5) Why next release is called MariaDB 10.0
- 6) Is MariaDB and MySQL future proof ?
- 7) Some announcements...







Why MariaDB was created

"Save the People, Save the Product"

- To keep the MySQL talent together
- To ensure that a free version of MySQL always exists
- To get one community developed and maintained branch
- Work with other MySQL forks/branches to share knowhow and code









What is MariaDB

- Open Source, binary compatible, superset of MySQL:
- True drop in replacement of MySQL
 - Same data on disk and on the wire.
 - Same file names, same sockets and ports.
- Created and maintained by the same people that created MySQL.
- Open development: Developed together with the community.
- True fork, not just a patch set upon MySQL.
 - MariaDB is not depending on MySQL for future development.
- More plugins, more features, faster, better code quality.

GPL-only remains from the first on the source extension of the source of

MariaDB server releases

- MariaDB 5.1 was released as stable in February 2010
- MariaDB 5.2 was released as stable in November 2010
- MariaDB 5.3 was released as stable in April 2012
- MariaDB 5.5 was released as stable in April 2012
- MariaDB 10.0 was released as alpha in November 2012
 - Goal is to be released as stable in April
- MariaDB-Galera (multi-master) was released as stable in December 2012 after a lot of testing.







The MariaDB releases

- MariaDB 5.1 (based on MySQL 5.1)
 - Better build & test system, code cleanups, community patches, new storage engines, table elimination.
- MariaDB 5.2 (based on MariaDB 5.1)
 - Community features that did not go into 5.1:
 - Virtual columns
 - Extended User Statistics
 - Segmented MyISAM key cache (faster multi user!)
- MariaDB 5.3 (based on MariaDB 5.2)
 - Optimizer features (faster subquerier, joins etc)
 - Microsecond, dynamic columns, faster HANDLER etc.
 - Better replication (group commit, more options)

• MariaDB 25.3 (based on MariaDB 5.3 and MySQL 5.5) DATABASE TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE CHINA 2013 大数据数据库架构与优化数据治理与分析

MariaDB 5.3 and NoSQL

The main reasons for using NoSQL are:

- Handling of unstructured data (not everything is table and fixed number of columns)
- Faster replication (usually with 'unconventional' shortcuts)
- The same way MySQL with it's storage engine interface can handle both transactional and datawarehousing, we are extending MariaDB to be a bridge between SQL and NoSQL.

MariaDB as a bridge between SQL and NoSQL

- Up to 50 % faster HANDLER commands (HANDLER READ $\cdots)$
 - Up to 530,000 queres/second measured(*)
- HandlerSocket compiled in (Direct access to InnoDB)
- Dynamic columns (each row can have different set of columns)
 - Building block for NoSQL storage engines
- Storage engine for Cassandra
 - You can read, write, update and join with Cassandra
- We are working on a storage engine for LevelDB

(*) Stephane Varoqui's blog: http://varokism.blogspot.com/2011/01/20-to-50improvement-in-mariadb-53.html

What's new in MariaDB 5.5

- Significantly more efficient thread pool
- Non-blocking client API Library (MWL#192)
- SphinxSE updated to version 2.0.4.
- Extended Keys support for XtraDB and InnoDB
- New LIMIT ROWS EXAMINED optimization.
 - Limits max number rows examined for a query
- Lots of security fixes, new status variables and small enhancements.
- https://kb.askmonty.org/en/mariadb-vs-mysql-features/
- https://kb.askmonty.org/en/what-is-mariadb-55/







MariaDB 10.0

MariaDB 10.0 is MariaDB 5.5 + some features from MySQL 5.6 + some new features

Features back ported from MySQL 5.6:

- All InnoDB changes (done)
- Performance schema changes (done)
- Read only transaction (significant InnoDB optimization) (done)
- Online ALTER TABLE (in progress)
- Features from MySQL 5.6 that are reimplemented:
- Better error message (with system error string) (done)
- NOW() as default value for datetime (done)

Global transaction ID for replication (in progress)
 Parallel transaction (in progress)
 Parallel transaction (much better implementation)

MariaDB 10.0

New features:

- SHOW EXPLAIN (see what other thread is doing) (done)
- Multi source (one slave can have many masters) (done)
- Faster ALTER TABLE with UNIQUE index (done)
- DELETE ••• RETURNING (in review)
- Even faster group commit (in progress)
- Storage engine for Cassandra (done)
- Storage engine for Leveldb (in progress)
- Per thread memory usage (done)

For full list, see http://kb.askmonty.org/v/plans-for-10x





Optimizations comparison

	MariaDB		
Features	5.3/5.5	MySQL 5.5	MySQL 5.6
Index Condition Pushdown (ICP)	Yes		Yes
Disk-sweep Multi-range read (DS-MRR)	Yes		Yes
DS-MRR with Key-ordered retrieval	Yes		
Index_merge / Sort_intersection	Yes		
Cost-based choice of range vs. index_merge	Yes		
ORDER BY LIMIT <small_limit></small_limit>	In 10.0		Yes
Use extended (hidden) primary keys for			
innodb/xtradb	5.5		
Batched key access (BKA)	Yes		Yes
Block hash join	Yes		
User-set memory limits on join buffers	Yes		
Apply early outer table ON conditions	Yes		
Null-rejecting conditions tested early for			
NULLs	Yes		

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Optimizations comparison

	MariaDB		
Features	5.3/5.5	MySQL 5.5	MySQL 5.6
Subquery: In-to-exists	Yes	Yes	Yes
Subquery: Semi-join	Yes		Yes
Subquery: Materialization	Yes		Yes
Subquery: NULL-aware Materialization	Yes		
Subquery: Cost choice of materialization vs.			
in-to-exists	Yes		
Subquery: Cache	Yes		
Subquery: Fast explain with subqueries	Yes		







Optimizations comparison

	MariaDB		
Features	5.3/5.5	MySQL 5.5	MySQL 5.6
Delayed materialization of derived tables /			
materialized views	Yes		Yes
Instant EXPLAIN for derived tables	Yes		Yes
Derived Table with Keys optimization	Yes		Yes
Fields of merge-able views and derived tables			
used in equality optimizations	Yes		Yes
LIMIT ROWS EXAMINED rows_limit	5.5		
Systematic control of all optimizer strategies	Yes		Partial
Explain for DELETE, INSERT, REPLACE, and			
UPDATE			Yes
EXPLAIN in JSON format			Yes
More detailed and consistent EXPLAIN for			
subqueries	Yes		









MyISAM Segmented key cache



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- Blue line is without segmented key cache.
- Solves one of the major read bottlenecks for MyISAM
- We see up to 250% performance gain depending on the amount of concurrent users.
- Fix applies to all MyISAM usage with many readers!
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New Batched Key Access Speedups



select max(l_extendedprice) from orders, lineitem where
o_orderdate between \$DATE1 and \$DATE2 and l_orderkey=o_orderkey







Group commit, verified



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New thread pool for 5.5





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Why MariaDB 10.0

- MariaDB 5.5 already have most (+ a lot more) of the optimizer features of MySQL 5.6
- MariaDB 5.5 is already a superset of MySQL 5.5. MySQL 5.6 will only have a fraction of the MariaDB 5.5 new features.
- A full merge of MySQL 5.6 into MariaDB 5.6 is a one year project as a lot of the code has to be completely rewritten.
 - Features and usable code are removed, either intentionally or by mistake
 - New code is way to complex (you can do same thing in a fraction of the code)
 - It's clear that some of the new MySQL programmers doesn't understand the current code (see Kristian Nielsen's blog)
 - A lot of the new code is re-factoring we don't want to have.
 → Better to do the merge in 2 steps into 10.0, 10.1
- MariaDB 10.1 will have all important features of MySQL 5.6







Multi-Source Replication



All-Masters







• All Masters: Log_slave_updates = 0







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Multi-Source Replication

root@localhost : (none) 03:30:2	
	row ************************************
Connection_name:	
	Slave has read all relay log; waiting
	Waiting for master to send event
Master_Host:	
Master_User:	
Master_Port: Connect_Retry:	
	mysql-bin.001328
Read_Master_Log_Pos:	
	mysql-relay-bin-emcon.001350
Relay_Log_Pos:	
Relay_Master_Log_File:	
Slave_IO_Running:	
***************************************	row ************************************
Connection_name:	owmn
Slave_SQL_State:	Slave has read all relay log; waiting
Slave_I0_State:	Waiting for master to send event
Master_Host:	10.0.3.21
Master_User:	repl
Master_Port:	3306
Connect_Retry:	60
Master_Log_File:	mysql-bin.000327
Read_Master_Log_Pos:	14536305
Relay_Log_File:	mysql-relay-bin-owmn.000184
Relay_Log_Pos:	14536590
Relay_Master_Log_File:	mysql-bin.000327
Slave_IO_Running:	Yes
Slave_SQL_Running:	Yes







Per-thread memory usage

ID	USER	HOST	DB	COMMAND	TIME	STATE	INFO	MEM_USAGE	
2	root event_scheduler	localhost localhost	NULL	Query Daemon	0	executing waiting on empty queue	select * from information_schema.PROCESSLIST 55200 NULL 13544		
2 rows	in set (0.00 sec)	+	+				tt.	
root@]	localhost : (none)	11:01:33> s	elect *	from info	rmation	_Schema.PROCESSLIST;			
ID	USER	HOST	DB	COMMAND	TIME	STATE	INFO MEM_USAGE		
21	root event_scheduler	localhost localhost	NULL NULL	Query Daemon	0	executing Waiting on empty queue	select * from information_schema.PROCESSLIST NULL	55200 13544	
2 rows	in set (0.00 sec)	+	*****			***************************************	++	
root@1	localhost : (none)	11:01:33> s	elect *	from info	rmation	_Schema.PROCESSLIST;			
ID	USER	HOST	DB	COMMAND	TIME	STATE	INFO	MEM_USAGE	
21	root event_scheduler	localhost localhost	NULL	Query Daemon	0 7	executing Waiting on empty queue	select * from information_schema.PROCESSLIST 55200 NULL 13544		
2 rows	in set (0.00 sec)	+	+			•	++	
root@]	localhost : (none)	11:01:34> s	elect *	from info	rmation	_Schema.PROCESSLIST;			
ID	USER	HOST	DB	COMMAND	TIME	STATE	I INFO		
321	root root event_scheduler	localhost localhost localhost	test NULL NULL	Query Query Daemon	3 0 21	Sorting result executing Waiting on empty queue	select * from (select * from t1 a order by a.c)t order by c select * from information_Schema.PROCESSLIST NULL		2303560 55264 13544
3 rows	in set (0.00 sec)	+	+			•		
root@1	localhost : (none)	11:01:48> s	elect *	from info	rmation_	Schema.PROCESSLIST;			
ID	USER	HOST	DB	COMMAND	TIME	STATE	INFO	MEM_USAGE	
3 2 1	root root event_scheduler	localhost localhost localhost	test NULL NULL	Query Query Daemon	8 0 26	Sending data executing Waiting on empty queue	select * from (select * from t1 a order by a.c)t order by c select * from information_Schema.PROCESSLIST NULL		62929760 55264 13544
3 rows	in set (0.00 sec)	+	+	+				******
root@]	localhost : (none)	11:01:53> s	elect *	from info	rmation	_Schema.PROCESSLIST;			
ID	USER	HOST	DB	COMMAND	TIME	STATE	INFO	MEM_USAGE	
3 2 1	root root event_scheduler	localhost localhost localhost	test NULL NULL	Sleep Query Daemon	9 0 27	executing Waiting on empty queue	NULL select * from information_Schema.PROCESSLIST NULL	52184 55216 13544	
3 rows	in set (0.00 sec)	1				*	++	
	localhost : (none)	11.01.54							

root@localhost : (none) 11:01:54>







There are a lot of others

- Most features in MariaDB 5.2 were contributed by the community!
- Many of the advanced features in MariaDB 5.3 are sponsored features
- In the askmonty.org knowledge base (free MariaDB and MySQL documentation) we have now 2800+ articles (mostly English)

Statistics from the past month:

- Added/Changed Articles: 201
- On Freenode #maria, 279 people wrote 6144 lines
- Launchpad Activity:
 - 27 active branches
 - 313 commits
- Hundreds of thousands of downloads of MariaDB. Probably >> 1M users
- We have seen companies converting hundreds of machines to MariaDB in a few days without any problems.

DIStributions^库arettmöv津南g^标from having included MariaDB to make

MariaDB popularity is increasing

- In December 2012
 - Wikipedia announced they are moving to MariaDB. Some parts has already moved.
- In January 2013
 - DB at Mozilla blogged they have moved to MariaDB
 - A Google developer said on #maria channel that Google is moving to MariaDB
 - Fedora voted 7-0 to make MariaDB the default MySQL database on Fedora.
 - OpenSuse announced that they have also made MariaDB default.
 - Chakra Linux announced that they have also made MariaDB default.







New LGPL client libraries

- LGPL client libraries for C and Java
 - C is based on the LGPL library from MySQL 3.23
 - API compatible with latest MySQL client libraries.
 - Java is based on the drizzle driver.
- Works with MariaDB, Percona server, MySQL and drizzle
- Developed by Monty Program Ab and SkySQL.
- Announced and released 2012-10-29

- You can download these from http://mariadb.org
- Documentation is still in progress...







MariaDB and TokuDB

MariaDB and Tokutek have agreed to make TokuDB a native plugin in MariaDB 5.5 and MariaDB 10.0 by end of Q1 2013.

This means that the official MariaDB binary will be able to dynamically load the TokuDB storage engine directly (no patches needed for MariaDB).

TokuDB will be added to the MariaDB buildbot test suite to ensure that the combination is properly tested on all supported platforms. TokuDB will be available for download from <u>https://downloads.mariadb.org/</u> together with MariaDB.

About TokuDB

- TokuDB uses Fractal Tree. indexing to improve insert and query speed, compression, replication performance, and online schema fexibility ARBASE TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE CHINA 2013 - TokuDB is technology conference CHINA 2013

Connect storage engine

MariaDB 10.0 will include the Connect storage engine by Olivier Betrand.

With the connect storage engine you can read, write and update files in a lot of different storage formats:

- Various fixed and dynamic text formats
- .DBF (dBASE format)
- . CSV
- . INI
- . XML
- ODBC ; Table extracted from an application accessable with ODBC







MariaDB Foundation Overview The Foundation is the new driver of the MariaDB project Custodian of the code, Guardian of the community Foundation can never to be controlled by a single entity or person

Foundation designed to be self-sustaining







MariaDB Foundation Goals That MariaDB be actively developed in the community and to:

- Increase adoption of MariaDB
- Ensure sustainable high-quality efforts to build, test and distribute MariaDB
- Ensure that community patches are reviewed and adopted
- Guarantee a community voice
- Keep MariaDB compatible with MySQL
- Maintain mariadb.org







MariaDB Foundation More founders and sponsors are welcome!

If you care about the future of the MySQL ecosystem, please contact us and and ask how you can get involved!

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Conclusions

- MariaDB is maintained by the people that originally created MySQL and has the best knowledge of the MySQL code.
- MariaDB is binary compatible with MySQL, so its trivial to replace MySQL with MariaDB (minutes).
- Reasons to switch to MariaDB
 - Faster queries thanks to XtraDB (InnoDB plugin fork from Percona), a better optimizer and replication and better code.
 - Open source development: Anyone can be part of the development at all stages. Dev meetings are public.
 - More features, including critical ones like microseconds, multi-source and dynamic column support.
 - Less risk as MariaDB will not remove features like MySQL is doing (thread pool, storage engines, safemalloc (developer feature), etc)







Questions?

For developer questions later, use the public MariaDB email list at mariadiscuss@lists.launchpad.net or IRC #maria on Freenode.

You can reach me for anything at monty@mariadb.org







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